Montana Driver Education and Training

Module 3.4

Bicycle Awareness

Share the road. Drive with courtesy





Montana law requires motorists to operate their vehicles in a careful and prudent manner without endangering the life, limb, property or other rights of people entitled to use the highways.

MCA 61-8-302



SAME ROADS

CYCLISTS, please...

Ride with traffic, on the correct side of the road
Stop at stop lights and stop signs
Ride as far to the right as safety allows
Ride single file
Wear your helmet
Use your mirror
Signal your turns
Ride predictably, in a straight line
Use lights at night



Swing wide of cyclists by at least 5 feet Slow down when passing bicyclists Don't honk

Look for bikes before opening car doors Watch for cyclists dodging obstacles Be patient





Three Way Street video

https://vimeo.com/24572222





3-Way Street

Driver-Bicyclist Safety Quiz



1. In what direction should a bicyclist ride?

- A. Ride against the traffic.
- B. Ride with the traffic.
- C. Depends on whether it's a one-way or two-way street.
- D. It doesn't matter which direction a bicyclist rides.

B. Ride with the traffic.

The bicyclist will:

- be more visible
- be more predictable
- sometimes move at similar speed as vehicles.

And it's the law.



2. What is a safe distance for drivers to pass a bicyclist going in the same direction?

- A. One or two feet.
- B. More than five feet.
- C. At least 10 feet.
- D. 15 feet or more.

B. More than five feet.

- The bicyclist needs space for possible road obstructions.
- Children may be unpredictable and need even more than five feet.

3. When a driver approaches a bicyclist from the rear, what should he do?

- A. Blast the horn.
- B. Race the engine.
- C. Shout at the bicyclist.
- D. None of the above.

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- Any of these can distract a cyclist and may cause a crash.
- These options are neither courteous or considerate.

4. Where should bicyclists always ride?

- A. On a sidewalk.
- B. Hugging the side of the road no matter what.
- C. As close to the side of the road as practical.
- D. In the same lane as traffic.

C. Ride as close to the side of the road as practical.

- However, there may be good reasons for a bike to "take the lane": making a left turn, dodging road debris, or needing extra space.
- Be prepared to share the *entire* road with bicyclists, if needed.

14

5. True or False:

Bicyclists have the legal right to ride on the road.

6. True or False:

Bicyclists should use only designated bike lanes and bike paths.

5. True

State law permits bicyclists to ride on roads and streets as long as they follow all the rules.

6. False

Because of limited designated bike paths, bicyclists must ride alongside vehicles on roads and streets.

7. At a stop sign or traffic light before proceeding, a driver should:

- A. Look for cars approaching from the left, right and straight ahead.
- B. Look for pedestrians on sidewalks and about to cross the street.
- C. Look for bicyclists approaching on the road and the sidewalk.
- D. All of the above.

D. All of the above.

- Bicyclists, pedestrians and other road users are often not seen by drivers, so extra caution must be given.
- Be aware of the unique position and behavior of bicyclists to minimize the risk of a car-bike crash.

8. A driver should always be alert to the possibility of a bicyclist:

- A. Riding into the street from a driveway or side street.
- B. Riding alongside parked cars.
- C. Riding against the traffic flow.
- D. All of the above.

D. All of the above.

- Bicyclists can be unpredictable.
- They may swerve to avoid a hazard you cannot see.
- Be aware and alert in all situations.

20

9. True or False:

Drivers and bicyclists follow different traffic rules.

10. True or False:

Drivers always have the right of way when bicyclists are on the road.

9. False

Sharing the road means sharing all the rules.

10. False

See above. Standard right-of-way rules apply.

Bicycle Safety Video Drivers' Perspective



http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=play
er detailpage&v=S1PXvxh 6MI (Length: 6:51)



Sharing the Road Video Bicyclists' Perspective



To play this 6:21 minute video, access video in file or play from PennDot website.

Montana Driver Education and Training Standards and Benchmarks

1. Laws and Highway System

- 1.1. know the laws outlined in the Montana Driver's manual;
- 1.2. understand the laws outlined in the Montana Driver's Manual; and
- 1.3. consistently demonstrate knowledge and understanding by responsible adherence to highway transportation system traffic laws and control devices.

2. Responsibility

- 2.1. recognize the importance of making safe and responsible decisions for owning and operating a motor vehicle;
- 2.2 demonstrate the ability to make appropriate decisions while operating a motor vehicle;
- 2.3. consistently display respect for other users of the highway transportation system; and
- 2.4. develop positive habits and attitudes for responsible driving.

3. Visual Skills

- 3.1. know proper visual skills for operating a motor vehicle;
- 3.2. communicate and explain proper visual skills for operating a motor vehicle;
- 3.3. demonstrate the use of proper visual skills for operating a motor vehicle; and
- 3.4. develop habits and attitudes with regard to proper visual skills.

4. Vehicle Control

- 4.1. demonstrate smooth, safe and efficient operation of a motor vehicle; and
- 4.2. develop positive habits and attitudes relative to safe, efficient and smooth vehicle operation.

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Montana Driver Education and Training Standards and Benchmarks

5. Communication

- 5.1. consistently communicate driving intentions (i.e., use of lights, vehicle position, and personal signals);
- 5.2. adjust driver behavior based on observation of the highway transportation system and other roadway users;
- 5.3. adjust communication (i.e., use of lights, vehicle position, and personal signals) based on observation of the highway transportation system and other users; and
- 5.4. develop positive habits and attitudes for effective communication.

6. Risk Management

- 6.1. understand driver risk-management principles;
- 6.2. demonstrate driver risk-management strategies; and
- 6.3. develop positive habits and attitudes for effective driver risk-management.

7. Lifelong Learning

- 7.1. identify and use a range of learning strategies required to acquire or retain knowledge, positive driving habits, and driving skills for lifelong learning;
- 7.2. establish learning goals that are based on an understanding of one's own current and future learning needs; and
- 7.3. demonstrate knowledge and ability to make informed decisions required for positive driving habits, effective performance, and adaptation to change.

8. **Driving Experience**

- 8.1. acquire at least the minimum number of BTW hours over at least the minimum number of days, as required by law, with a Montana-approved driver education teacher; and
- 8.2. acquire additional behind-the-wheel driving experience with a parent or guardian's assistance in a variety of driving situations (i.e., night, adverse weather, gravel road, etc.).

